EDITION.

Thomas Telegrapi

September 4 1914,

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September 4 1915,

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER

1915.

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TO-DAY'S WAR TELEGRAMS.

RUSSIAN MILITARY POSITION VIEWED FAVOURABLY.

ITALIAN EXPERT'S OPINION OF ALLIES' OFFEN-SIVE ON WESTERN FRONT.

Roumania Prohibits Transit of German Geld To Turkey.

DARDANELLES.

[Reuter's Service to the "Telegraph."]

SIR EDWARD GREY'S EYE TROUBLE.

September 4, 1.25 p.m. Sir Edward Grey is again suffering from eye trouble.

THE RUSSIANS.

A GERMAN COMMUNIQUE.

September 4, 1.25 p.m. A. German communique reports that General von Hindenberg's cavalry stormed Dvins, the bridgehead at Lepnewaden, and north west of Friedrichstadt, but does not mention crossing the river. The communique states that Grodno was occupied after street Eghting.

LIMITS OF RUSSIAN RETIREMENT ABOUT REACHED.

September 4, 1.30 p.m. Benter's correspondent at Petrograd says that the military position is viewed favourably. Apart from the Russian advance on the right bank of the Vilia and the advance in the couthern sector, there are clear indications that the limits of the general Russian retirement, in certain directions, have about been reached. The Russians are able to assume the iniative when opportunity offers. The Russian thrust is a vigorous counter-manoeuvre to the

enemy's menace of Vilna, and seriously threatens the German left flank and communications between Generals you Bulow and you Eleborn: The Russians have now assumed the mastery northward

Russia's armies have definitely escaped any immediate risk of of Vilna. the enemy outflanking their front, which is shorter, straighter and more secure than it was before.

The German occupation of Orany, on the Villia-Grodno railway, only slightly effects the general position and is largely nautralised by the Vilna advance, which is distinctly troublesome for the German operations in Courland, and which in any case, are not progressing with energy born of complete assurance. The garraion liberated from Grodno is an important accession to Dardanelles.

the strength of the Russian armies in the field. There has been a comparative full in the Riga region, where General von Hindenberg appears to have withdrawn considerable forces, it is interesting to note, in the direction of Kieff.

The Russians to the south east of Luck hold a front of 50 miles which is intersected with hills, woods, rivers on both finks and the rest is forest country. The Military Authorities, however, anticipate that the biggest immediate fighting will take place in the region between Vilna and the Neimen. Altogether the prolongation of the German lines of supply. simultaneously with the shortening of those of the Russians lines, is seen now to be telling the inevitable tale. While the ground must rapidly soften into a normal autumn impassibility.

TO-DAY'S WAR TELEGRAMS.

FRENCH COMMUNIQUES.

PARTICULARLY VIOLENT ARTILLERY ACTIONS.

September 4, 7.25 p.m.

A French communique reports that particularly violent artil lery actions are taking place at various points on the front.

GERMAN OFFICER LOSSES

September 4, 7.25 p.m. A French communique say that the losses of officers have much increased during recent months. The number killed, wounded and missing, from the beginning of the war to June 1, is 43,972, and the number to July 15 is 52,041.

QUESTION OF OFFENSIVE ON WESTERN FRONT.

ITALIAN EXPERTS OPINION.

September 4, 7.35 p.m. Colonel Barone, one the foremost of Italian experts, who recently

western front, and those favouring delay. Colonel Barone unhesitatingly favours the latter, declaring that he agrees with the view of General Joffre, that in the present circumstances a general offensive in the West can be delayed without inconvenience. The order, once it is begun, may with certainty be

carried out thoroughly and without interruption. Germany, by pushing her advance in Russia, is marching to cer-THE tain disaster and it is far better for the Allies, in the West, to await

this event and then strike. The Russian General Staff is of the same opinion.

GERMANY AND ROUMANIA.

GERMANY SENDS EXPLOSIVES AS HOSPITAL MATERIALS.

September 4, 7.35 p.m. Reuter learns that Roumania continues rigorously to prevent the transit of Austro-German war material through Roumania to

Roumania permitted Germany to send 20 truck loads of hospital materials, on close inspection, however, it was proved that six waggons, apparently containing cotton lint really contained explosives and materials for poison gus. The whole was immediately con- sistance, but, nevertheless, they continued to advance, capturing 13 fiscated.

ROUMANIA PROHIBITS TRANSIT OF GERMAN GOLD.

September 4 1.25 p.m. A message from Bukharest says that the Government has prohibited the transit of gold, and thus prevents. Germany from sending more money to Tarkey.

THE DARDANELLES.

GERMAN EXPERT'S ADMISSIONS.

September 4, 1.25 p.m. to the Dardanelles. Somments prove that the latest operations useful, as it brings nearer the day when the Russians will be Reserve Ordinance 1914 as memcame as a great surprise to military experts, who were warning furnished with the materials for victory. the people against their hitherto cocksure attitude.

The German expert, Captain Persins, says that the Allies' expectations of a decisivelyfavourable turn of events in the Dardanelles will be disappointed, but, that it was said in England beforehand, that many disappointments and heavy losses were to be expected, before final success was attained. This warms us not to under

estimate the English doggedness. tions at Buvis Bay and the landing here was carried out, with tion of Germany a great efforts to prevent a Balkan alliance. surprising success. It is remarkable that the enemy gained such a fast footing at three points on the Peninsula and that the last landing was not encountered by serious opposition.

BRIGADIER GENERAL LORD LONGFORD WOUNDED.

September 4, 7.25 p.m. Brigadier General Lord Longford has been wounded, at the

Renter's correspondent at Copenhagen says that British sab- Rosebery appealed for national unity, vigorously condemning strikes, marine E. 18 has been refleated and brought to Copenhagen, where as endangering the output of munitions. will be interned until the end of the war.

WAR TELEGRAMS.

FRENCH COMMUNIQUE.

VIOLENT RECIPROCAL BOMBARDMENT.

September 4, 2.40 a.m. A Paris communique states that there has been a violent reciprocal bombardment at many points on the whole front, from Artois to the Voeges.

ITALIAN COMMUNIQUE.

AUSTRIAN ATTACK FAILS.

September 4, 2.40 a.m. & Rome communique reports an Austrian attack on Monte Pians and other fighting on precipitous peaks, resulted in favour of the Italians.

GERMANY AND PEACE.

THE POPE'S PROPOSALS.

September 4, 4.00 a.m. In Washington it is announced that the Government will not visited the western front, in a striking article carefully weighs the [publish the text of the Pope's peace proposals, but it is stated that arguments of the supporters of an immediate offensive on the they afford ground for the assumption that Austria, Germany and Turkey are not adverse to a discussion of peace terms.

PEACE DISCUSSION ACCEPTABLE TO BERLIN.

September 4, 4.40 s.m.

According to Renter's correspondent in Washington it is authoritatively known that Germany has intimated to the United States that overtures for a peace discussion would be acceptable to Berlin. It is certain, however, that President Wilson will not make further efforts for peace until Great Britain and her Allies indicate their readiness to entertain them.

THE RUSSIANS.

FURIOUS FIGHTING PROCEEDING.

September 4, 4.00 a.m. A Petrograd communique states that the Russians at the vil-Turkey. There has just been another attempt to evade the regula- lage of Linden, on the Riga-Dvinsk front, crossed the river on the 2nd instant after stubborn resistance and burning the bridge, Righting continues. German heavy artillery on the 1st and 2nd bombarded the Russian positions near Friedrichstadt. Russian offensive between Sventa and Vilna met with stubborn remachine guns and 300 German prisoners. The situation between Vilna and Pripet is unchanged. Severe rearguard fighting took place near Berestovetz and Gurodetz: The enemy on the 2nd succeeded near Grodno, in threwing a part of his forces across the right bank of the Niemen. Furious fighting is proceeding in the northern and western suburbs. The Russians continue to take new positions in Galicia and are hardly molested.

GERMANS FAIL TO "DRIVE WEDGES."

September 3, 6.55 p.m. The Russian War Office is confident that the Germans will fail protection and immunities conto drive wedges and so separate the Russian armies, just as German ferred on special constables, by pincers have failed to catch the Russians in a dangerous salient at the said Peace Preservation Or-Grodno. The German pincers were skilfully extended to the north- dinance until the Governor shall east and south-east of the town, as happened at Warsaw. The by proclamation cancel such en-Russians, however, escaped the trap, taking up a fresh line on the rolment whereupon all members The recent landing and subsequent operations in Gallipoli have river Shara, many miles to the east of Grodno, where again they so enrolled shall again become caused a decided change of views amongst the Germans, in regard impeded the German advance for a time. Every such delay is subject to the Special Police

ANOTHER GERMAN EFFORT IN THE BALKANS.

September 3, 9.15 p.m. According to Renter's correspondent in Sofia it is announced front and otherwise: that the Duke of Mecklenburg is visiting the King and is socompanied by a German official, who is a Balkan expert. The Duke The English remain firm in the occupation of their new pent- to-day had an interview with the premier. This is another indica-

ENVER PASHA DECORATED.

September 3, 6.55 p.m. Reuter's correspondent in Amsterdam states that the Kaiser has conferred the Order Pour le Merite on Eaver Pasha.

September 3, 9.15 p.m. Lord Rosebery, addressing a meeting of Glasgow weavers, said that Great Britain was engaged the world over, in weaving the winding sheet of the most infamous conspiracy ever known against the liberty of mankind. He urged thrift and emphasized, regarding newspaper agitation for compulsory service, that the country should put periect confidence in the Government and Lord Kitchener. Lord Proprietor, Dr. J. W. Noble by

TELEGRAMS.

PARIS INUNDATED.

RAILWAYS INTERRUPTED.

(Reuter's Service To The "Telegraph")

Received September 5.

A message from Paris says
that floods from the Murgia Mountains have inundated the city and interrupted the railways. There are 13 dead and many injured.

> "RANGIS" GUN ACCIDENT.

> > LOSES EYE.

Received September 5. The Jam of Nawanagar has been operated on, but the surgeons were unable to save his eye. He is progressing favourably and hopes to return to the front in about a fortnight.

PROCLAMATION.

The following Proclamation appeared in the Government Gasette of September 3:

Francis Henry May.

Governor. By His Excellency Sir Francis Henry May Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vice-Admiral of the same:

Whereas by the tenth section of the Special Police Reserve Ordinance 1914 it is enacted that the Governor may by proclams. tion whenever it appears to him advisable to do so cause all or any members of the Special Police. Reserve to be enrolled as Special Police Constables and that all the provisions of Part 1 of the Peace Preservation Ordinance 1886 shall. in so far as they are applicable extend and apply to every such member on being so enrolled to all intents and purposes as if each members had been appointed and enrolled under the said Pesce Preservation Ordinance and that every member so enrolled: shall remain and continue subject to the provisions of the said, Pesce Preservation Ordinance and shall have all the powers privileges

And Whereas it appears to me advisable to do so by reason of the depletion of the Regular Police Force owing to vacancies caused by absence of members at the

Now Therefore I Sir Francis Henry May Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies and Vise-Admiral of the same do hereby. by this preclamation cause all the members of the Special Police Beeerve to be enrolled as Special Police Constables.

Given under my hand and the Public Scal of the Columy at Victoria Hongkong this 3rd day of September 1915. by Command.

A. M. THOMSON, Colonial Secretary: God Save The King.

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